## OUEEN'S

# COLLEGE JOURNAL.

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## Ducen's College Journal,

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 Matter for publication should be addressed to the Managing Editor; Business Letters to H. M. MOWAT, P.O. Drawer 482, Kingston, Ont.

THE Registrar of the University Council desires us to say that he has sent voting papers to all graduates and alumni entitled to vote at the coming election of Chancellor and members of Council. Any one not having received voting papers will please address the Registrar on the subject.

SINCE the death of Professor Mackerras the classes in Greek have been taken by Sannel Woods, Esq., M.A., for so many years Rector of the Collegiate Institute here. Mr. Woods' scholarship and teaching ability are so well known to many of the graduates of Queen's ca large proportion of whom were so fortunate as to have been his popilsy that it is scarcely necessary to say that the appointment has proved extremely acceptable to all the students of Greek. On our editing staff are six of his old pupils, who took their first taste of Greek from him, and we have no hesitation in predicting that the

remainder of the session will prove as satisfactory to the students as the period during which he has already filled the chair.

I N some of our classes, after the monthly examinations, it has not been an unusual thing for the Professor, after correcting the examination papers, to either hand them back to the students examined. that they may see wherein they have failed. or else to go over the questions with the examined class, giving the correct answers and commenting on the incorrect and incomplete ones. Whenever this has been done it has proved very satisfactory to the examined, not only giving them a more correct idea of the examination paper and the general drift of the questions, but also preventing all chance of accusing the Professor, who is also the examiner, of nufairness, an accusation which is the more likely to be made in examinations like these which are purely competitive.

Either of these plans, or better, a combination of them, has such very decided advantages that we would like to see them adopted in all our College and University examinations, and the fact that sometimes a long vacation would intervene would not, we think, prevent a beneficial effect. We do not think that it is necessary for us to point out the obvious benefits that would accrue to the students by such a course, and indeed to the examiners, by improving their relations with the students. So much has been done of late years to increase our advantages that we are tempted to believe this also may come to be the custom. It,

doubtless, would never be made a rule by the University, but depends entirely on the individual Professors. To them we recommend it and can assure them that the change would be greatly appreciated by the students.

THERE is a question that has often been asked students: Why has Oneen's no College colors? which has been almost invariably answered. Because it hasn't. Now while the subject is not one of the greatest importance, we still think that the adoption of some colors would be agreeably entertained by all the students. number was small it was perhaps indicious not to wear any distinguishing mark, as that would have showed that paucity but too plainly. Now, however that the undergrad. nates have so increased that the old buildings are no longer able to hold them, why should we not have some mark by which we should know each other and the citizens generally know us! There are particular occasions, however, when college colors are extremely convenient. How our foot ball club has existed so long without some badge we hardly know. Had it been an aquatic club there is no doubt that distinctive colors would have been soon chosen: and it surely is as much of a convenience to a foot ball club, rather more-for in a foot ball match the players become so inextricably mingled, that without distinctive colors it is impossible at times for the onlookers to distinguish friends from foes, while in a rowing match those acquainted with either of the opposing parties could always distingnish them. Then also were our Athletic Association at all a live institution, distinctive colors would be desired, and in case the newly formed Snow Shoe Club decides to have any kind of uniform, the requisite colors would be the first things chosen. We might suggest to the officers of the

Snow Shoe and Foot Ball Clubs in case they determine to select colors, to meet and decide on the same, that the colors may not represent the clubs so much as the College; the form of wearing will be sufficient to distinguish the clubs.

7HAT the editor of a Tournal does not know is scarcely worth knowing" We know that at the last meeting of the University Council a committee was appointed to consider the expediency of reestablishing a Law Faculty in connection with our Alma Mater. What that committee has done we do not know, but then "what the editor of a lournal, &c." think that it is high time that the gentlemen on this committee bestirred themselves. The necessity for Law Schools seems to be growing more and more felt. A writer in the last number of the Canadian Monthly graphically portrays the miseries of a poor student-at-law grappling with "those subtle distinctions, those invsteries and intricacies. those difficulties of the path, those boulders of the law, that have existed, do exist and will continue to exist "disconsolate and alone. with no friendly hand to help, no warning voice to guide. We have looked inside a lawyer's office occasionally and seen the poor clerks plodding away drawing conveyances like so many cart-horses, and have wondered how these poor mortals ever learned enough to pass out of their embryo state into the perfect legal gentleman. proper instruction is ever given to would-be Cokes and Blackstones, what they learn they pick up by themselves the best way they can. We want to help these poor youths and also to elevate the profession. Let the committee aforesaid get to work. opening of our new buildings would be a splendid time for launching the Faculty of Law. The Bar of Kingston has ever stood high in the ranks of the profession, and if

they only will, can make the new departure a success as far as the teaching staff is con-We understand that the Law Society are considering a resolution to the effect that any one taking the degree of Bachelor of Laws in any Provincial University will thereby save one year of the five that otherwise he would have to spend in onrely professional studies, and this whether the degree is taken before or during the currency of the period of his legal studies. Let a curriculum be prepared : the barristers of Kingston can easily provide the professional teaching needed, while the Professors of Classics. History and Logic can be made available for instilling into the minds of the undergraduates in Law the masterpieces of the forensic eloquence of the ancients, the history of the constitution, and the science and art of reasoning. University of any standing in the United States has a department of Law, in the Dominion there is a flourishing school in connection with McGill, let Queen's lead the way in Ontario. We will return to this subiect again even though it may prove distasteful to our friend, the Il hite and Blue,

UCH has been said and written of late M in certain circles about the establishment of an institution, termed by its promoters the "Presbyterian University of Canada." It was proposed at the last General Assembly that, in the interest of theological education, and to do justice to certain theological schools, an Act of Parliament should be applied for which would empower a committee of clergymen and elders chosen from the Assembly to grant academic degrees in theology. This extraordinary proposal, or rather motion, was rejected. But the matter did not rest here, it being agreed to refer it to the Presbyteries to report on. The scheme is now being discussed by those bodies, and most of those which have met

have resolved not to sanction it. Still thou give it as their opinion that there should be some means by which students in theological colleges without university powers might receive the imprimatur of excellence in theological learning in the authorized way, though they disapprove of the plan proposed in the Assembly. And what respecter of sound learning would not? There would be no teaching body in connection with this paper University, and the degree would be granted on the result of one examination. Now who will say that this would be a fair test of a man's fitness to attach B.D. after his name till the end of his days? In Oncen's the degree is granted only after a man has obtained high marks on all the lectures of three sessions besides the other subjects required. consequence is, this degree is extremely difficult to obtain, and we would not like to see the standard lowered, which, if we are to indge from the letters of avowed supporters of this scheme which have appeared in a Toronto exchange, is likely to be the case. But above all, there is a danger of the Degree-granting Board being unconsciously influenced in favor of certain candidates. If, as we fancy, would be the case, the degree would not denote so much scholarship as it does now, how very unjust it would be to those who have succeeded in obtaining the degree of Oneen's! But, even if the proposed University was in no way objectionable, there is no real need for it, for its obiect can be served in another way. We can quite understand why the friends of some of the other colleges think it hardly fair that Oneen's has advantages which they have not, but when in order to remedy this the authorities of Queen's University proposed that representatives from the other colleges should be taken on its Senate, the proposal was scouted. Why? Surely it must have been only a sort of foolish pride that induced refusal of this generous offer. Neverthe-

less we believe this is the only way in which an equal footing for all the colleges can be realized for it is certain no Government would sauction the establishment of such a University as that proposed Rut we dosire that all theological students should have the same advantages, and if a Board were formed of representatives of the different colleges which would form a proper curriculum of study and grant degrees under the charter of Oneen's University, would not all students have an equal chance for the degree? By this means all the colleges would have the same relation to Oueen's Univercity as Oncen's Theological Hall has now, And it must not be supposed that they would lose their identity with their Alma Mater, for it might easily be arranged that there should be attached to the degree some distinguishing mark of the college at which the Bachelor received his education. Want of space prevents us saving more on this subject at present. But we hope that a scheme will no longer be agitated which will make the Presbyterian Church, a laughingstock to all University men and to all other denominations in Canada

A WRITER in the Canada School Journal referring to the fact that University College will soon be desiring additional funds, wherewith to increase its efficiency, makes a suggestion that is applicable to all the Universities and Colleges in our Province, this is the cutting off of the present first year altogether, and devoting the funds and time gained thereby to increase the efficiency of the advanced classes.

Now in Queen's such a proposal would have to be made in a modified form. Ever since the important change, five years ago, in the modus operanti of classwork, the distinction of years has been necessarily abolished, nevertheless there are elementary classes, as elementary as formerly, and in-

deed, since the plan has been adopted of giving non-matriculants just as high privilores as matriculants, they have occasionally bacome a great deal more so The work cone over in these elementary classes could be just as well done in our High Schools and Collegiate Institutes, and what is more. this work aught to be done there and the majority of outsiders believe that it is done there Why should the time the Professor ought to give to the advanced classes he spent in initiating the school-how (whose only title to the name of undergraduate is seen in the gown on his back) in the mysteries of the declension of tutter, or interpreting to him the ins and outs of the second or third books of Englid, when only a few squares away is an institution where he could be instructed in such learning without in any way hindering his more advanced classmates, and without causing his teacher to lessen the already too much abridged time devoted to the contemplation of that higher knowledge which is supposed to be hid under the title of BA?

It is no answer to the above to say that the matriculation examination is now much more difficult than ever, nor to suggest that there is now a senior matriculation which, if the student be able to pass it, will shorten his course to three years. We are speaking more in reference to the funds of the College and the time of the Professors. one connected with the College needs to be informed of our want of funds, when the pagestaries of our work are considered. Why then should these funds be wasted in teaching High School work? Why not place the lowest of our classes a grade above the ordinary upper class in our High Schools? Did we do this the effect would be soon felt, and though the teaching staff would not be increased, so much more time would be given to certain members of it. that our course would immediately become

broader and higher. In one class in Oueen's this sten seems to have been taken, and this class is that of Modern Languages. Recornizing the fact that an elementary instruction in French and German is now given in all our well-equipped High Schools, a matriculation examination in these classes is now compulsory and the effect will be that the work in that class will immediately take a higher range than ever before should not the experiment be tried in other classes? Why should there not be a moderately high matriculation examination in Rhetoric, English Literature and History. and thus ensure to the student a glimpse at any rate of higher instruction in these important branches ? What need is there to have in a College the study of the subjects gone over during the first term of Junior Mathematics, or for that matter during the whole session? What need for a preparatory class in Classics? Were the work in our High Schools and Collegiate Institutes. only rightly recognized and appreciated by College authorities generally, we think, with the funds now at their disposal, they would be able to do far more than has ever been done in the past.

WE have much pleasure in announcing that our next portrait will be that of Dr. Yates, of the Royal College, from a recent photograph, with a short sketch of his career.

#### ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

What has become of the concluding part of that paper on Ladies Colleges? -- ANGRAINA.

We will try to explain. The writer of that atticle having received several missives subsequent to its publication suddenly became sick and was unable to finish it. We then sent one of our staff to work on the matter he had collected, but after a few days of bewiddering linkage he became out and out instanc, and is now sojourning at Rockwood. For a few days the room where these motes were collected became absolutely useless, but at last we engaged a low who could not read and sent him in with a

rake and thus succeeded in collecting this dangerous matter. We then had this put into a waste paper basked and phased in an otherwise empty closed and labelled the door Department of the state of the state of the collection. The Second in thereon The states of which is a close with soon in thereon phosphosing discount for the state of the are thus reduced to a state of helpiess and harmless discy at one. It works or well that we doubt if we will ever per unit the citized wither to have the materials again even it be desires in.

### FRESHMAN'S SOLILOQUY ON THE

O try, or not to try : that is the question .-Whether its public in the mind to suffer The loors and points of the successful students: Or take a nen against a sea of questions. And there by writing end, them ! - To go? An write-No more: and by senting say we and The anxiety, and thousand problems That finals bring to its a consummation Devontly to be wished! To go to write To write r perchance be placked; av. there's the rule For after writing what result may come When we have scribbled off those tiresome paners Must give us pause! There's the disgrace That makes failure a thing to be avoided: For who would hear the thoughts of being placked, The professor s words, the passmen's contumely The pangs of work in vain, anxiety and care. When he himself might from them all he free By turning sick. Vet who that would not re-And strive that he might pass his finals well But that the thought of failing after all. That dread uncertainty . - the thoughts of which None unprepared can flee puzzles the will And makes us rather bear those ills we have Than fly to others that we know not of Thus the dread of failure frights the unprepared, And thus the native hue of resolution Is sicklied o er with the pale cast of fear; And examinations of importance, With this regard, are often never tried And thus is all the chance of pressing lost

A. S.

To whom it may concern, and especially to our exchanges, greeting.— Harvard and Princeton Colleges will only grant the degree of M.A. to those who take a special post-graduate course.

A second who was invited by a young lady to write something in her autograph album made a quotation from Deut., chap why .—Richmond College Messenger.

We confess we couldn't see the joke in the above until we turned it up | we advise all our readers to do likewise, as they will be amply repaid for their trouble.

#### REV. IOHN B. MOWAT, M.A.

THE Rev. Professor Mowat, who occupies the chair of Oriental Languages, Biblied Criticism and Charch History, and is likewase Registrar of Queens is University, is not only, like Principal Grant, a Canadian, but a Kingstonian also. He was born in the Limestone Cry in 1825, and received his education chiefly at Queen's University, in which he graduated in 1845. He went to Scotland in 1846 and was a student at the University, of Edinburgh during the sessions of 1846; and 1874.

Returning to Canada a licentiate for the Ministry, he acted as assistant to the Rev. Dr. Machar, in St. Andrew's Church, from the year 14st to 1850, when he was ordained minister of St. Andrew's Church at Niagara, and continued to labour the series.

to tatour there was in mice acceptance, until, to the great regret of his congregation, he was appointed to his present chair in Queen's University, which it is hoped he may long continue to adorn, not only by his professional ability and his accurate scholarship, but also by the manifold graces of his Christian character.

All who know Professor Mowat know that he iswhat all true scholars and teachers must bean indefatigable worker In the steady populit of knowledge that he man communicate at to others --- he knows no " rest and he thankful. His own studies are pursued with nuremitting assubuty that his prelections may be more interesting and useful to his students; and he does not think the

labour of a lifetime too much to give to the great subjects which it is his privilege to teach. But in Christian work also, no less than in scharship, Professor Movatt is an indefatigable worker. His voice as a preacher is a familiar one in most of the pulpits of Kingston, for his valuable services are freely eigen, wherever needed, without any reference to denominational lines of boundaires. His catholic spirit and the respect universally accorded to his Christian character make him one of the uniting forces in the community.

But while first and pre-eminently "a lover of good men," by whatever name they may be called, Professor Mowat is also an attached member of his own branch of

the Christian Church. Two of the Presbyterian congregations of this city have more particularly, been laid under deep obligations to him for his acceptable pastoral numeraturous during vacancies, or while the pastor was all asselb by illness, and these services while the pastor was all asselb by illness, and these services while frequently cutating to small—elf-cleant on himself have always been about the production of the

It seems hardly necessary to add that Professor Mowat is a most loyal son of his Alma Mater. His profound interest in all that concerns her, and his unwearied devotion to her interests are animating forces in all his College work, both as Professor and Registrar, and afford tresh proof if frosh most were needed, of the importance

of educating Canadian young men for positions in Canadian Universities, and of selecting—where that is practicable—the graduates of a University, to full and adorn her profereignal charge.

While it would be offensive to the good taste and modesty of Professor Mowat, who was perhaps never more fittingly charactorized than by his beloved friend and colleague Prof Mackerras as " A man of yare bumility, to indulge here in any freedom of person. at culory, we are sure that the presentation of his portrait in these pages will be gratifying, not only to his old pupils. but to all alumni who have attended Queen's

University during his

professorship



It is proposed by nine New England colleges to modify the ordinary method of examining candidates for entrance, so that instead of exch college holding its own examination without reference to any other institution, a uniform examination on the same day for all the colleges may be arranged.

DARIMOUTH Still continues to receive into the Freshman class young men, without examination, who bring satisfactory certificates from the Principals of preparatory schools as to their qualifications. They, however, are on probation for three months.

If an actress cannot act she can sit for her photograph, . —Cincinnati Enquirer.

#### CONTRIBUTED

#### The Study of Rooms

MIAT a thorough course of study in English Language and Literature is essential to every student who wishes to make his mark in the world as a writer or speaker is now pretty generally conceded. The time when men of learning were satisfied with " spelling the small words and skipping the large ones" is now, we trust, forever past. We look back with a feeling of horror at the gross ignorance that must have prevailed in those early times. Ver coming nearer home have we in modern times -ves even our boasted 10th century with its vast improvements and wonderful inventions-made the advance in the study of our English Language that we should have done. To this question, when we consider facts, we are forced to answer No. Many of our greatest scholars and best thinkers have been ransacking the libraries of the world and the archives of antiquity to ferret out musty old manuscripts of Greek Latin and Sanskrit while they have left their noble mother tonene to pine and languish at home If the English Language has not received the attention it deserves, what is the cause of this neglect. What is the reason that so little desire has been manifested by people generally to acquire even a lair knowledge of this noble speech? The old adage says Familiarity breeds contempt and perhaps this may in a measure account for the indifference shown about getting a thorough English education. worth their while spending time on that with which (they think) they are quite tamiliar when other more important fields of knowledge lie beyond to be explored. This, however, is but a comparatively insignificant reason. I'm doubtedly the root of the evil is to be found in the system. of teaching, and many of our pretended English teachers must be prepared to bear the blame for the lack of interest shown in the study of this important subject. What has been-and in some places is still -the method pursued ?-A child goes to school and as soon as he is able to read the language an English Grammar is placed in his hand. a rod (or its equivalent) suspended, so to sneak, over his back, and a bundle of abstruse rules and definitions are required to be committed to memory within a given time. Many an aspiring youth has had his eager desire to acquire a knowledge of his mother tongue dampened by this inhuman process. How often have we seen the teacher stand before his class book in hand, and with his finger pointing to the line, lost perchance he should lose the place, and going through the mechanical drudgery of requiring his pupils to answer word for word these--tothem-meaningless rules and definitions. We may confidently say that a teacher who cannot take his eye off the text book does not himself know the subject he is teaching and is therefore not fit to teach it-it matters not whether he be the domine in a backwoods school or a dignified professor on the rostrum. Much has been done within the last few years to improve this state of affairs but much yet remains to be done. We need more time and talent devoted to this subject. We want the best scholars of our land to come lorward and raise from the slough of indifference that language in which Chaucer. Spencer, Milton Shakespeare Scott, Dickens and scores of others have crystallized their noble thoughts. However earnestly Dr. Blackie and others may urge the necessity of a more thorough knowledge of ancient classics, the crying want of the present age both in Britain and in this country is a more thorough knowledge of our simble, manie English tongue. Hear the oninger of the talented Lord. Stanley on this subject . No word will tall from me in disparagement of classical literature. I know its value full well: but it seems strange that in a country where so many students are familiar with over dialact of Greek and every variety of classical style, there should be so few who have made themselves really acquainted with the origin. history and gradual development into its present form of that mother tongue which is already spoken over half the world, and embodies many of the noblest thoughts that have issued from the brain of man. It is the plain Saxon phrase far more than any term borrowed from Greek or Latin literature that, whether in speech or writing, goes straightest and strongest to men's heads and hearts. Such testimony from such a man is certainly of great weight. We can point with a feeling of pride and admiration to a few men who are devoting all their energies toward raising the study of English to a science by bringing the light of modern Philology to bear upon it. The study of Anglo-Saxon - the parent of Modern English - has engaged the attention of such worths money life. Bosnowth and Ioseph, of Oxford, Benjamin Thorpe, Prof. Stephens and others, and we hope the world is awakening to the fact that there is something in our language worth seeking for after all. Let our Professors have more time and better appliances for an independent study of this subject let them thoroughly qualify themselves before they at tempt to teach others: let them throw more life and interest into the work, and ere long we may expect to be proud of the position occupied by our Noble English Langnage

#### LETTERS

OF THE LATE PROF. MACKERRAS.

(CONTINUED.)

PENSION SUEDOISE MENTONE France

January 16, 1873

You ask for a comparative statement of prices. This is a place of dear living, and the same may be said Such of the country as is of the whole Riviere. not occupied by mountain and rock is given up to the cultivation of the olive, orange, lemon, fig and vine, Hence the necessaries of life have to be imported. Even the hay comes long distances by rail. Meat (the best) is about two francs (forty cents) per lb ; potatoes are sometimes as dear as oranges: everything for the table, in fact, commands a much higher price than with us. Human flesh (as I was remarking to Maggie the other evening) is a very expensive item here. Every pound we add

to our bones costs us at least \$100 or \$200. House rent is excessive. A well-sized, comfortable villa, with good garden attached (by garden they understand a fruit, shrub and flower garden), costs for the six months season from

\$500 to \$1 500.

The other day we took train at 11 a.m. and went eastand went eastis a separate principality, having a government quite distinet from either France of Italy. Its extent is you limit. ed comprising only a few sugare unles. Its ruler the Prince of Monaco is married to a daughter of the Duke of Hamilton. The palace is situated on an elevated pla-teau crowning a headland which projects into the Medi-To this height we ascended by a steep, but well constructed road and found ourselves on the area in front of the palace. To this we could not can admittance as the family are at present in residence and Thursday was not a day on which it is open to the public. The has the weakness for standing armies peculiar to other continental rulers. His consists of 50 or 50 then, but sanntered along the principal street, situated on the ramports which skirt the sca-face of the cliff, and forming a grand promenade. The solid construction of the streetsthe beauty of the grounds the tidmess which reigns through the town—the whole aspect of the place bore testimony to the efficient administration of the Board of Works of this Baby Empire Along a fond, lined in one place by symmetrically formed pepper trees, in another place by tall oleanders alternating with the caronba trees, we strolled for a mile until we came to Monte Carlo, the height on which is built the Casino, the great gambling owned as well the sister establishment at Baden-Baden The one was his summer harvest-the other his winter harvest. But since the Emperor William annexed that principality and abolished gambling, the owner has concentrated on this one all his infernal machinery and plant. The building is a palatial one, open to the public, grounds realize the pictures in the Arabian Nights. The trees and shrubs and flowers of every tropical country are laid under contribution for the means of gracing the lawns in front thereof. Palm trees, aloes of the flowering species, &c , constitute it an earthly paradise. There all who choose may roam and drink in enjoyment. These are as open and free as the meadow to the bee in pursuit of honey. Enter the grand establishment-pass into a magnificent music hall. There so performers are discoursing the most exquisite music. Selections from Beethoven, Mozart, &c., falling upon your ear, after you have just emerged from the outside paradise of beauty. suggest ideas of heaven. And all this is as free as the air to all who come. No charge whatever is asked, expected or taken. But open those easily-swinging doors and it is a step from your fancied heaven to a real hell. There are the grandly-furnished splendidly-equipped gambling saloops, one for gold, the other for either gold or silver down to 5 franc pieces, as suits the whim or pocket of the play-It was one of the most melancholy spectacles I have ever beheld. Such eagerness of look-and intensity of anxiety-such staring eyes I hope not to see again. the stillness-the silence was painful. Nothing could be heard but the click of the marble revolving around the run of the wheel of fortune and dropping into the numbered hole -the sharp, shrill but low tone of the presiding officer aunouncing the number (some one between o and 36) and then the dull, hollow sound of the cronpier's rake gather-There at ing in the napoleons to swell his golden heap. the four tables was a crowd of players, quite oblivious to all around. There were old men of 70, old ladies of 60, comely matrons of 30; young, pretty girls not much over

so all well dressed all apparently respectable members of society. One young man of about 25 stood the was too nervous to sit) with a large pile of hank notes before him Fach of these was for 1,000 francs (\$200). These he would put on in threes and fours at a time, with gold suneradded to weight them, only to be swept away in a moment from his gaze, save now and again in isolated instances. Imagine the human misery there wrought when it is said that the profits of the proprietor last year were 12 mm one from a He ways to the Prince of Manage a tax of about £20,000 or £25,000. The enormity of his revenues (I mean of the Casmo) may be intered from the sumptuous manner in which he has compared and maintams his establishment—from the layish manner in which he has expended money on the ontward surroundings Well has be leated his hook. Cunningly has he devised adornments for attracting the lovers of the arristic of the beautiful into the spider's parlon. There were handreds at the concert the day we were there; and these concerts are given at least twice a week, probably every day to a greater or less extent, and are open to those who desire to enter. Of course they calculate that of those who come a large percentage will be drawn into the tools of the eambler. But it is drawing to led time and 1 must conclinde

I enclose our address at Rome. As we hope to leave here on the 2nd February (D.V.) it would be well to send thither any letters forwarded by the mail of the 14th Feband subsequent steamers.

#### Pension Steriolse, Mentone France. January 30th, 4875

My DEAR SISTER -Since I wrote you a fortnight agwe have continued to enjoy a period of uninterrantedly ine weather. It rained a good deal one night after dark but with that exception we have had a very dry and dusty time On some occasions the heat has been very A few days ago the Clarkes and we walked over to the Caves, immediately beyond the Italian frontier, and we found it as warm as on an August day in Canada. The thermometer has been up to 80°. You may be sure that the invitation conveyed by the brilliant sunshine to us to walk around has been thankfully accented and acted on. We have sauntered a good deal longged a good deal more and sunned ourselves still more. It appears to us so great a novelty to see blossoms bursting and fruit ripening in January. One day we set out for the whole day (which means the hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. without returning to the house for dejenners for the purpose of seems Roccalitima. This is a very old town distant nearly half way between this and Monte Carlo. It is reached by two roads: the one by the Cornish, the other by a steep but romantic path through a succession of olive plantations. We went by the latter and returned by the former. We took our time in climbing the ascent to the elevated incline on which the place is built, resting every ten minutes. We had much to admire. Every now and again we obtained charming glimpses of Mentone and its environs through vistas opening in the olives. And the olives themselves furnished abundant ground of contemplation. Nowhere in this neighbourhood are better specimens of this valuable tree to be found. Like the terrier, their uglmess constitutes their beauty. gnarled, twisted, honey-combed, deformed productions. I had never seen. The stem so old and the branches ever changing. The former is retained. Some of these old stocks are a thousand years old, according to local tradition and a glance at them verifies the report. While the upper portions are frequently renewed by the process of grafting. And what a quaint looking town in Roccabruna!

It looks so antediluvian, as if the delage had swept it off the top of the mountain towering over head and the houses had been arrested halfway down the incline. I doubt whether a house has been built within the memory of the oldest inhabitants. The inveniles of the place are the oldest inhabitants. The juveniles of the place are one most postiferous little beggars who ever dogged a tourist s The sturbest should a donner and an your Give me a son. ) while from the throats of all burst the prolonged chorus "Un son son son.

The next day also we camped out The scene of our improvised pic-nic was on the slope of Cape Martin, looking towards Monaco and Monte Carlo. The time-honoured plaid beneath us and the blue sky above us while immediately below us was the Mediterranean mirroring the colours of the sky and mountains. What emovment we had. I had my Italian Grammar. Maggie had her embroider but oft our thoughts and talk wandered away beyond the Atlantic, as we vainly wished that we had you and other loved ones beside us to share in our rapt admiration of Nature as she here delights to clothe herself

#### SCIENTIFIC JOTTINGS.

R. WALLACE, gas examiner for the city of Glasgow. has been making experiments upon the heating bowers of different samples of gas. He says "The extensive employment of coal gas for heating purposes, and especially for cooking gives an interest to the question whether the heating power varies like the illuminating power, and it so to what extent in the gas used in different towns. As regards illuminating power, we know that it varies exceed ingly. In Aberdeen and Edinburgh it is to caudles for 3 cubic feet per hour in Glascow Paisley and Greenock about 20 of 27 candles, in Liverpool, Manchester, and Carlisle about 20 in London and Dublin, ro im Bur mingham and many other English towns, 11- and in some as low as 12 candles. But as regards heating power we have no definite information although there is a general belief that a rich gas has a greater caloufic effect than one of poorer photogenic quality He then goes on to describe the apparatus employed.

He determined the relative heating power of each gas by measuring the volume of gas consumed in order to raise one gallon of water from 60 degrees to 100 of Fabrenheit's thermometer in thirty mumbes

The following table gives his results for three different

The first column gives the illuminating power of the gas in standard candles, the second, the comparative value of the gas for lighting purposes, and the last its comparative value for heating purposes

From those results he very naturally concludes that while the heating power rises and falls with the lighting power, the amount of difference is by no means so great in the former as in the latter in the difference between the heating powers of two samples of gas is not as great as the difference between their illuminating powers.

He next raises the question as to the comparative cost of heating by gas and by coal: and by an easy calculation arrives at the conclusion that gas costs for heating purposes about 113 times as much as the equivalent quantity of coal or in round numbers, a pennyworth of coal gives as much heat as a shifting's worth of gas

E. Cherreul has been studying the physical functions of the leaves of plants. His conclusions are -- That the

transpiration by both surfaces of the leaf is greater in the sunshine than in the shade. With the exception of the oleander and the maize plant, which exhibit in this respect an anomaly, it appears that in the numerous species experimented upon if the transpiration of the upper side of the leaf be represented by unity, that of the reverse equals 4 3. In the shade however the proportions are as 1:2.4. leaves of the marge the chestnut, and the periwinkle transpire equally on both surfaces.

It has been already demonstrated that plants absorb solutions of salts necessary for their growth, not merely by the leaves, but even by the petals of their flowers.

#### COLLEGE WORLD.

THE Governor-General has presented to the Wesleyan Female College. Hamilton, Ont., a medal for the most proficient student in English Literature

THERE is a cat attending College at present,-Whithy Collen, Sunbeam. The cat-o-nine-tails we presume; if not it should be

THE following is the method by which the young ladies of Ashland, Va., get rid of their student lovers of Ran-dolph Macon College, when they stay too late. A youthful brother goes out in the back yard, at the old, gentleman's command, and there keeps up an incessant crowing till the young yents are impressed that their call is too protracted, and to the joy of the girls bid them good night

IAMES DEMILLE, Professor of Rhetoric and History in Dalhousie College, is dead.

As lower young lady has won the distinction of being one of the first ladies admitted to the University of Leipsic -Ex So much honor for lowar but would it not be sad if the young lady had to lie-up-sick there, so far from home and friends : - Ex-

Tio, Sophomores of Columbia College presented with a baby cup Mr. John Spencer, the father of 87's first baby

RUSSIA has only nine Colleges

Mrs. Scott Sidnoxs offended the faculty of Asbury University by reading with a low-necked dress on, and she was not a little startled to hear a prayer for her conversion called for in the prayer-meeting the next day. The Ashury folks deserve credit for the rebuke, and would have deserved still more by preventing the reading. If it be impolite for gentlemen to appear in the presence of ladies in their shirt-sleeves, or with their coats off, is it not much more improper if not shockingly immodest, for ladies to appear in the presence of gentlemen scantily clad? The rebuke given Mrs. Siddons is going the rounds of the papers, and will, it is to be hoped, have a beneficial effect on tadies possessed of more brass than modosty -Ex-

THERE are 1.236 students at the Toronto night schools. Ax Association for the study of the Natural Sciences

has been formed in connection with University College. Toronto. Graduates and under-graduates who are taking the honor course in Natural Science are eligible for membership

THE White and Blue suggests to the out-going class that they arrange for a re-union to year's hence. The idea is a very happy one

This is how they do it . A Yale student bought up 270 tickets for the Glee Club concert on spec.

There is a good plan in vogue in some colleges of handing back to the student at the beginning of a session the examination papers of the previous one, so that the writers can see their mistakes and the corrections made. It ensures the correction of wrong ideas, and inculcates a better feeling between the professor and students.

A YALE senior is in doubt as to whether to become a dentist or a butcher.

THE word "university" is thus defined: Academies in winter of scholarship, and in summer of sculler-ship.

#### EXCHANGES.

THILE reading the January number of the Hamil. ton Literary Monthly, we almost forgot we were the exchange editor, and that it was therefore our duty did we wish to read our other cotem's, not to spend too much time over it. The first article presents Andrew Iackson to us in rather a more favorable light than we had before contemplated him. Perhaps the gist of the article secontained in a sentence following the description of his victory at New Orleans, when the writer says "It was not great generalship, perhaps, but it was fertility of resource, personal magnetism inspiring contage, invincible will, vitalized by pure patriotism. The article throughout is well written and in a most spirited style. When we consider the amount of literature, consisting of criticisms on Shakespeare which now exist, it would perhans be too much to say that the author of "Shakespeare, the Poet of Conscience, has brought out a new phase of his character. But though he has not done this he has expressed well that peculiar feature of the great dramatist. articles of this number are also good, that on the Imagery of Longfellow and Tennyson, striking us as particularly so. perhaps because in our case it "oft was thought but never so well expressed. The nearest approach to a similar comparison we heard one moonlight evening last summer. when trying to define the difference between the soft loveliness of the Thousand Islands seen by moonlight, and the same beautiful scenery, viewed by daylight, it was suggested that they differed as did Longfellow and Tennyson.

THE concluding paper on "College Cheers" in Acta Columbiana is as interesting as those preceding it and the series contain much interesting and well put information The "Land Cruise" is well written and amusing, and like much of the other writing in the Acta is of a free and easy tone that is very attractive. We notice in this number the first of a series of papers on "The practical workings of co-education, the writer purporting to be an undergraduate in a University where co-education has flourished. While not advocating co-education where it can be helped, we think such papers as the one published are not worthy a place in the columns of the Acta. That most be a curious state of society in any college where the male and female students could be divided each into two such sets as he describes. We have no doubt all such could be found, but we would not care to believe except on much higher authority than that of the writer, that there are not many others of both sexes. Before saying more, however, we will wait further developements. A well written account of an interesting ceremony -the presentation of a baby cup, to a member of the Sophomore class who had produced the necessary qualification-concludes a most interesting number.

A HURRIED glance through the Val- Convant gave is the impression that there must be somewhere near by enticing attractions suggested by the rustling of ladies' dresses, the gentle sound of the light fantastic, and the melliflinous strains of some string band; and on a further investigation, we found that it was a case of infection and the reason for our hallucination was found in the fact that

the eds. of the Courant had been to the Junior Promenade, had had a good time and had not yet got over the intoxication of pleasare thereat. Well: we would not have minded being there ourselves. The small part of this number that those not refer to those festivities, is of that sensible nature which has made the Courant take so deservelly such a high place among College newsynapers.

The first article in the Pennsylvania College Manthly is one on the much vessyl question. Should our Colleges be open to Doth sexes of the Colleges of the Col

#### DE NOBIS NOBILIBUS.

A COIFY of a recent publication, the Guartier, his on our table published by Uliver & Bond. Enthurgh, the expectaphy and general appearance of which is very ceditable. The book is valuable on a work of reference, an indispensable addition to every library. It contains in adphalactical order a very complete list of the cities; towns, etc. of every country in the world, giving, beside the correct pronunciation of the worl useful a concess description of the place. The volume has been prepared with monor care from the latest amount of the continues of the earth, making in all a desirable possession, especially for the student and public speaker.

A Gymnastum was first called a "gym" through laziness, but now it is called a "James." Such is the origin of slang! And while we are at it, we might reiterate a former statement of the Journal, just as a reminder, that we feel the need of this "James" very much.

AFIER our last issue came out, we struck these lines, which almost made as wish we had been bald, so strong was our inclination to pull our hair. A Dresslen man owned an old she goar that was lately caught butting its head against the lonket, as it swing over the well. This act was referred to once by a poet, who wrote:

"The old doe can buck it. That hung in the well."

JUNION-What made that mark on your check, dear? Lady-It's that horrid breast-pin of yours. I wish you'd lose it.

ALMA MATER -At the Alma Mater meeting on Saturday evening 7th just , Mr. H. Fowler argued that there should be more optional subjects in the Arts course, on the ground that as a stulent has not time as things are now, to pay particular attention to any one subject, the result was that he had a partial knowledge of a good many subjects. but could not go deep enough to know anything thorough-Whereas, if enabled to follow up one branch of learning he could master that at any rate, and have some chance of distinguishing himself. He deprecated compulsion in study, and thought a student should be allowed to prosecute those subjects alone, for which he had a taste. prosecute those subjects alone, for which is Messis. O'Reilly, Davis and Smith also contended for more options. The negative side, led by Mr. Joseph Anderson, on the other hand, held that what a man needed in Canada was the foundation of a general education. If

a student were allowed a choice, he would needed that for which he fancied he bad no taste and there was thus a tendency that Open's would have out onwided who lars. More was expected from a University man than to he concernit with only a few subjects. It was also to sinted out that it was a mustake to build up the strong parts of the intellect at the expense of the weak, which would inevitably be the case of a student had bur boiler of what to learn and what not to learn. A man should have the all-round education of a centleman. At Shortt Chairman, gave his decision in favor of the negative, considering that this side had evidently the weight of argument in its favor Among the business was the going in of the report of the Auditors appointed to examine the ev-Treasurer's books These they reported were correct in every particular, and showed a balance of \$100

Title Local Reporter received the following:

Str - I humbly beg to submit that the following is the latest. It is sure to be all right, as a Sophomore looked it over for me

Voors &c

Buttercupula nominor cara Buttercupula, Onameis quam brem numenta disasser.

· Verum Buttercupula nominor hella Buttercupula, · Cara Buttercupula, ego ·

Even since the decree of the Smatus went furth that in meeting was to be held in the Collago Bubblings without permission of the Registrar, for fear it might be mean morphosoical into a "Commission Imputatis," John, our wortheymutor, has been particularly spry in seeing the order carried out. But the other shy the YMCA begot to get the requireste permission and assembled in the order large of the properties of the properti

Snow Balls: -It has often been remarked by now. comers to Queen's what intense gratification it affords the average Kingston boy to throw snow balls at students. By long practice these little wretches become remarkably proficient in marksmanship, and many is the felt hat that has been su ldenly detached from the cranium of the longsuffering collegian and sent flying ahead of him venture the opinion that at no time will the evil part of a man's nature be so advantageously displayed as when he receives a hard snow ball on the back of the head. At such a time a Freshman generally feels disposed to follow up the donor and ask him what he meant The chances are twenty to one he will not get a satisfactory answer. and if he proceed to remonstrate corporally, as it were, with the archin, that individual, will, well and attract the attention of the whole street. The student will of course be considered a tyrant and the boy a hero. The men will ask him "if he could'nt take anything in fun! the women will cry, for shame! and the children will hoot at him. These things combine to induce a state of mind bordering on insanity. It is impossible to be dignified on such an occasion, and pinaforically speaking he "hardly ever" felt so dissatisfied with himself before. Now a Senior will never think of taking such a course of action as this; he will take things philosophically. He knows by experience that no satisfaction can be got out of a small boy, and so wisely refrains from seeking any. He is right, and our a vice to new comers is -don't try to obviate an evil which is necessary as long as there are boys and snow.

EVERY body was delighted with the glees sung by the students in the "gods" before the curtain was raised at Nolls in a neutrinappe on Thursday, the 2th

How doth the little busy Prof. Improve each Latin hour. And get translations bit by bit From every Sophomore.

ON vish We fined in, on, account of the farmace being in layersed with a severe attack of indigestion for smoke,) we emposed a holiday. Not much heat was farmished by the mixalle of incosiny, and when the Professor of Metia-physics of the control of the class, he remarked significantly that the control of the class, the remarked significantly that the control of t

SENIOR to Soph, while passing St. Andrew's Church, "That edities would be vastly improved by the addition of a steeple. Soph—'Yes, but the congregation are in debt and so don't aspire to that sort of thing at present I am sure some of t'em would rebel if—'Senior, who detests puns, raises his cane threateningly. Soph, blushes and russ the time he contracted the obmoxims habit

AT a recent Alma Mater meeting, a why leader of the bate, perceiving the Chairman to be getting rather weary, thought to get a decision favorable to his side, by remarking that his speech would be short, when a vince whispered auditibly. Beware of the snare of the fowler.

Score one for the morality of the Kingston students. Statistics of the city show that only one student was up before the Police Court during the past year.

A NUMBER of Seniors objected going to the recent lecture on the Jews in the City Hall, since a Freshman was to deliver it.

THE new Arts Building has been finished externally about two months. Convocation Hall is almost finished and is really very handsome. The walls are composed of red and white brick formed into design. The rafters are stained and beautifully carved. In fact all the wood work is very pretty and a credit to the carpenters is a handsome little gallery at the further end which is an proached by a stair-case leading from the hall. This will doubtless be for the accommodation of the students, and as seating accommodation for about one hundred and fifty. seating accommodation or about one manufact and my.

The cut which has been printed on the back of this
paper does not give a good idea of the size or appearence
of the building, it is really much larger and finer than the architect's drawing (from which the cut is taken) represents it. The Museum and Library are semi-circular in form and large enough to admit of any increase in their contents that is likely to be made. The Library has accommodation for 30,000 volumes, while at present thereare only about 12,000. It is expected that next Convocation will take place in the new ball.

Twas in the class of Metaphysics on Firshy. He was a lumier, and it was an essay on "ideal attast. Instead of describing the ideal states of Plato, and such like philosophers, as was intended by the professor, he proceed was the first of the proceeding the proceeding of the proceed

caritten examinations Could a man make his son indolent by leaving him his property? Certainly not. For at the age of to be would be beyond another graning. tions, and so all his property would revert to the state to be divided up again among the younger citizens. On the result, of course, of written examinations. Could a man's attention to the welfare of the state bedistracted by sellish concerns: Not unless be was cramming up for the written examinations. Would there be any of the sickening sentimentality connected with the tender passion, as manifested in present times? How could there when a man could not look at a woman unless she was apportioned to him on the result of the written examinations. Would there be any deleasing selfishness in such a state? There certainly would not according to Plate if a man had only such personal rights as these And even those would be fortested if he was placked at the written communications. The advantages of this perfect state might be described ad infinitum. And we feel convanced that had the immortal Plato heard this marvellons. ly inspired theory, he would have turned in his hortulan semilchre and nurmured. Had I the wonderful genius of that young man. Greece had not now crumbled into dust " We may add that when the gentleman was making known his theory to the class they were at times, as might be expected deeply moved at the surpassing grandom of some of its conceptions. The Professor himself was much affected

Tim other day just before the lecture in Metaphysics commenced an andacions theologic popped his head in the door. He was, of corres, met with a volley of groans, but above the din was heard a voice. Shut the door and keen the secular element out.

Ox a soft day the walls from the street to the College is, to say the least of it, elsagreeable. We respectfully recommend that a gatter be built on each side of the boardwalk to carry of the water. We Bike wading when it is the gushing waters of a bubbling brook that dance about our ankles, there is something portical in it. But when you have your lest boots on and the water is at 4 2 C. the amusement loss its charm.

A Migorcai, and Arts were passing that pork-packing establishment on Johnston Street, with the usual sign of a fat porcine over the door

Arts—I know nothing that resembles your nature so much as that animal up there, delineated in pigment. Med.—(After reflection.) Well that is a poor kind of pun.

Arts - Air give us a rest'
Med. - Have done sir. I never same such total depra-

Arts—In yourself. No. Well' when a man imbibes wine as freely as you do, he is apt to be deprayed.

And Med resigns.

The followings are extract from a letter recently published in the Homilton Specified: "MI limit 16 Opens University for opening its halfs for separate classes for women. That this been first to respond to a popular educational want quesks well for the statemess at reading the second with the second of the statemess at the content of the second of th

'The boy stood on the burning deck.
Whence all but him had fled:
'Because, if I should now sit down,
I'd burn my pants' he said."

#### PERSONAL.

REV. John Ferguson, M.A., B.D., 79, who lately settled in Chesley, is getting on very well. There

ALES, Mc LEON, of the class of 82, is playing the part of domine in a school in fronties.

J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, L.L.B., 63, has been acting Police

J. J. Bull. M.A., 77, is editor of the Picton Times, a cigorous weekly, devoted principally to Prince Edward affairs.

Maxy will be surprised to learn that John Bonner, the New York speculator and publisher, is an M.A. of '45. He was one of the first students of the College.

REX. ROBLET CHAMBLES, B.A., '66, and Rev. W. N. Chambers, who was of the class of '75, and afterwards went to Princeton, have gone as Missionaries to Erzroum, Control Trickey.

Geo, Gillies, B.A., 75, was in town the other day. He is one of the largest manufacturers in the Birmingham of Canada, Garangoute

of tances—channels, of the last sammer a deputation of trivial to remember that last sammer a deputation influential and unfer framers was sent out from the field of emigration. We see that at a meeting field at Canonlos, Scotland, when one of the delegates was delivering an address on this subsect, fee Dr. Snodgasse ex-Principal of Queen's, presided I have so long and here the subsection of the endowment find in one knows better the advantages of the control triping in the lines of the endowment find in one knows better the advantages of the control triping the lines of the control triping the control triping the lines of the control triping the control triping the second triping the last triping the second triping triping the second triping triping

#### CLIPPINGS.

S it not reasonable to suppose that Cicero's teacher, Scavola, the auger, was a bore?

> He who Mrs, to take a kiss, Has Mr, thing he should not Miss.

Freshman---What is the relation between bread and hash?

Scalor - Bread is a necessity, hash is an invention-

Freshman - Gosh

Wastin Dissipative: —I know I m losing ground, sir, tearfully nurrinated the pale tased Freshman. "but it is not my fault sit. If I were to study on Sunday, as the others do, I outhl keep up with my class, sir,—indeed I could, but I promised an underto encover—and as his conditions overpowered him his public out with it is naked with such vigor that he brought out with it is naked with such vigor that he brought out with it is naked with such vigor that he brought out with it is naked with three faro chips and a session, in the freshman seloquence worth be held been a grace, in that Freshman seloquence worth be held been a grace in mane.

We are liable to err, but the man who mistakes his neighbor's slippers for a pair of arctics, pays no small tribute to his understanding

OWED TO ANTHON'S VIRGIL.

Anthon has a little horse,
Well clad in sheep-skin coats.

Its name is Virgil, very fat,
He keeps him stuffed with (n)oats

EVERYOUR agrees that we ought not to strike a man when he's down, but is it wrong to stroke a moustache under similar circumstances?